- 1.1 Trauma Code Activation Criteria (regardless of mode of arrival)
 - o Traumatic cardiac arrest with penetrating MOI
 - o Traumatic injury with signs of shock* (see shock table below)
 - o Penetrating injuries to the cranium, neck, chest, abdomen or pelvis
 - o Intubated patient transferred from the place of injury
 - o Respiratory distress secondary to trauma or inhalation injury
 - o Facial or tracheal injury with airway compromise
 - o Flail Chest
 - o GCS < or = 8 without sedation
 - o Open skull fractures
 - o Suspected spinal cord injury associated with flaccidity, areflexia or unexplained hypotension
 - o 2 or more long bone fractures in different extremities
 - o Complicated pelvic fractures with urinary or rectal injury
 - o Amputation proximal to the wrist or ankle
 - o Falls 3x's height of patient
 - Any trauma transfer with respiratory, hemodynamic instability, receiving blood products to maintain hemodynamic stability or GCS < or = to 8 without sedation or paralytics
 - o Motor vehicle crashes with reported history of:
 - Ejection (partial or complete) of patient from the vehicle
 - Prolonged extrication of patient (> 20 minutes)
 - Impact speed > or = to 40 mph
 - Death of occupant in same vehicle
 - Roll Over
 - Intrusion into compartment > 12"; intrusion 18" any other side of vehicle
 - Auto-Pedestrian/Bicyclist thrown, run over or with significant impact > or = 10mph
 - o *Emergency Physician discretion for all trauma patients who do not fall within the above stated criteria
- 1.2 Trauma Alert Criteria (regardless of mode of arrival)
 - o Blunt trauma cardiopulmonary resuscitation in progress
 - o Neurological injuries with a GCS < or = 13
 - o Depressed skull fractures
 - o Crush injuries proximal to the wrist or ankle
 - o Burns 2nd degree > 15% TBSA; 3rd degree >5%
 - o Burns to head, face, hand, genitalia, or feet
 - o Electrical burn injury
 - o Falls 1.5x's height of patient
 - o Hanging or strangulation mechanisms

- o Stable trauma transfers less than 24 hours post injury
- o Emergency Physician discretion for all trauma patients who do not fall within the above stated criteria
- o Motorcycle or ATV crash > than 10mph
- o Snakebites
- o Complicated handlebar injuries
- o Impalement injuries
- o Pregnant > 20weeks
- o Near-drowning r/t trauma
- 1.3 Trauma Evaluation
 - Those patient with single system injury from a traumatic mechanism should have an evaluation by the appropriate surgical subspecialist credentialed in trauma care (i.e. neurosurgery, orthopedic surgery, etc) at the discretion of the ED Attending
 - Isolated injuries transferred from another hospital for services of a surgical specialist
 - Patients that do not meet Trauma Code or Trauma Alert criteria but have a high index of suspicion based on mechanism of injury
 - Non-accidental trauma cases to be admitted

Age Group	Heart Rate (beats/min)	Pulse Character	Blood Pressure (mm Hg)	Respiratory Rate (breaths/min)	CNS
Birth to 6 months	> 190	Weak, thready central pulses Absence of peripheral pulses	< 60	>70	Change in level of consciousness, dulled response to pain, or comatose
Infant	>176	Same	<75	>50	Same
Preschool	>132	Same	<85	>40	Same
Adolescent	>120	Same	<95	>30	Same

Definition of Shock